This Listing of Claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS

1. (currently amended): Substituted pyrazoline compounds of general formula I,

wherein

R¹ represents hydrogen or a linear or branched C₁₋₄-alkyl group,

 R^2 , R^3 and R^4 independently of each other represent hydrogen, a linear or branched C_{1-6} -alkyl group, a linear or branched C_{1-6} -alkoxy group, a halogen atom, CH_2F , CHF_2 , CF_3 , CN, OH, NO_2 , -(C=O)- R^8 , SH, SR^8 , SOR^8 , SO_2R^8 , NH_2 , NHR^8 , NR^8R^9 , -(C=O)- NH_2 , -(C=O)- NHR^8 or -(C=O)- NR^8R^9 whereby R^8 and R^9 for each substituent independently represent linear or branched C_{1-6} alkyl,

 R^5 and R^6 independently of each other represent a linear or branched C_{1-6} alkyl group, a linear or branched C_{1-6} -alkoxy group, a halogen atom, CH_2F , CHF_2 , CF_3 , CN, OH, NO_2 , -(C=O)- R^{10} , SH, SR^{10} , SOR^{10} , NH_2 , NHR^{10} , $NR^{10}R^{11}$, -(C=O)- NH_2 , -(C=O)- NHR^{10} -and or -(C=O)- $NR^{10}R^{11}$, whereby R^{10} and optionally R^{11} for each substituent independently represent linear or branched C_{1-6} alkyl;

R⁷ represents hydrogen, a linear or branched C₁₋₆-alkyl group, a linear or branched C₁₋₆-alkoxy group, a halogen atom, CH₂F, CHF₂, CF₃, CN, OH, NO₂, -(C=O)-R¹⁰, SH, SR¹⁰, SOR¹⁰, NH₂,

NHR¹⁰, NR¹⁰R¹¹ -(C=O)-NH₂, -(C=O)NHR¹⁰—and_or_-(C=O)-NR¹⁰R¹¹, whereby R¹⁰ and optionally R¹¹ for each substituent independently represent linear or branched C_{1-6} alkyl;

with the proviso that

if R^1 and R^7 are H and R^5 and R^6 both represent Cl in the 3- and 4-position of the phenyl ring neither of R^2 , R^3 and R^4 may represent F in the 4-position of the phenyl ring if the other two of R^2 , R^3 and R^4 both represent H;

optionally in a form of one of the its stereoisomers, preferably enantiomers or diastereomers, or a racemate or in a form of a mixture of at least two of the its stereoisomers, preferably enantiomers and/or diastereomers, in any mixing ratio, or a corresponding N-oxide thereof, or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof, or a corresponding solvate thereof.

- 2. (original): Compounds according to claim 1, characterized in that at least one of R^2 , R^3 or R^4 represents hydrogen, while at least one of R^2 , R^3 or R^4 is different from hydrogen.
- 3. (currently amended): Compounds according to any one of claims claim 1-or 2, characterized in that R⁷ represents hydrogen.
- 4. (currently amended): Compounds according to any one of claims claim 1-to 3, characterized in that R², R³ and R⁴ independently of each other represent hydrogen, a linear or branched C₁₋₆-alkyl group, a halogen atom, or CF₃, preferably R², R³ and R⁴ independently of each other represent hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, F, Cl, Br and CF₃.
- 5. (currently amended): Compounds according to any one of claims claim 1-to 4, characterized in that R⁵ and R⁶ independently of each other represent a linear or branched C₁₋₆-alkyl group, a halogen atom, or CF₃, preferably R⁵ and R⁶ independently of each other represent methyl, ethyl, F. Cl. Br and CF₃.

- 6. (currently amended): Compounds according to any one of claims claim 1-to 5, characterized in that R² represents a chlorine atom in the 4-position of the phenyl ring, while R³ and R⁴ represent hydrogen.
- 7. (currently amended): Compounds according to any one of claims claim 1-to 6, characterized in that R⁵ and R⁶ each represent a chlorine atoms in the 2- and 4-position of the phenyl ring, while R⁷ represents hydrogen.
- 8. (currently amended): Compounds according to any one of claims claim 1-to 7, characterized in that R¹ represents hydrogen, methyl or ethyl, preferably hydrogen.
- 9. (currently amended): Compounds of general formula II according to any one of claims claim 1 to 8

wherein

R¹ represents hydrogen or a linear or branched C₁₋₄-alkyl group,

 R^{12} or R^{13} independently of each other represent a linear or branched C_{1-6} -alkyl group, a linear or branched C_{1-6} -alkoxy group, a halogen atom, CH_2F , CHF_2 , CF_3 , CN, OH, NO_2 , SH, NH_2 , hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, F, Cl, Br-and or CF_3 ,

 R^{14} or R^{15} independently of each other represent a linear or branched C_{1-6} -alkyl group, a linear or branched C_{1-6} -alkoxy group, a halogen atom, CH_2F , CHF_2 , CF_3 , CN, OH, NO_2 , SH, NH_2 , methyl, ethyl, F, Cl, Br-and or CF_3 ,

optionally in a form of one of the its stereoisomers, preferably enantiomers or diastereomers, or a racemate or in a form of a mixture of at least two of the its stereoisomers, preferably enantiomers and/or diastereomers, in any mixing ratio, or a corresponding N-oxide thereof, or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof, or a corresponding solvate thereof.

- 10. (currently amended): Compounds according to claim 9 characterized in that R¹² and R¹³ independently of each other represent hydrogen, a linear or branched C₁₋₆-alkyl group, a halogen atom, or CF₃, preferably R¹² and R¹³-independently of each other represent hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, F, Cl, Br and CF₃.
- 11. (currently amended): Compounds according to any one of claims claim 9-or 10, characterized in that R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ independently of each other represent a linear or branched C₁₋₆-alkyl group, a halogen atom, or CF₃, preferably R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ independently of each other represent methyl, ethyl, F, Cl, Br and CF₃.
- 12. (currently amended): Compounds according to any one of claims claim 9-to 11, characterized in that R¹³ represents Cl and R¹² represents hydrogen.
- 13. (currently amended): Compounds according to any one of claims claim 9-to 12, characterized in that R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ each represent Cl.
- 14. (currently amended): Compounds according to any one of claims claim 9-to 13, characterized in that R¹ represents hydrogen, methyl or ethyl, preferably hydrogen.

15. (currently amended): <u>A compound-Compounds</u> according to one or more of claims claim 1-to 14 selected from the group consisting of which is:

5-(4-chloro-phenyl)-1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-pyrazol-3-carboxylic acid,

optionally in the form of a corresponding N-oxide, a corresponding salt or a corresponding solvate.

16. (currently amended): Combination of compounds comprising at least one substituted pyrazoline compound of general formula I

wherein

R¹ represents hydrogen or a linear or branched C₁₋₄-alkyl group,

 R^2 , R^3 and R^4 independently of each other represent hydrogen, a linear or branched C_{1-6} -alkyl group, a linear or branched C_{1-6} -alkoxy group, a halogen atom, CH_2F , CHF_2 , CF_3 , CN, OH, NO_2 , -(C=O)- R^8 , SH, SR^8 , SOR^8 , SO_2R^8 , NH_2 , NHR_8 , NR^8R^9 , -(C=O)- NH_2 , -(C=O)- NHR^8 or -(C=O)- NR^8R^9 whereby R^8 and R^9 for each substituent independently represent linear or branched C_{1-6} -alkyl,

 R^5 , R^6 and R^7 independently of each other represent hydrogen, a linear or branched C_{1-6} -alkyl group, a linear or branched C_{1-6} -alkoxy group, a halogen atom, CH_2F , CHF_2 , CF_3 , CN, OH, NO_2 , -(C=O)- R^{10} , SH, SR^{10} , SOR^{10} , NH_2 , NHR^{10} , $NR^{10}R^{11}$, -(C=O)- NH_2 , -(C=O)- NHR^{10} -and or - (C=O)- $NR^{10}R^{11}$, whereby R^{10} and optionally R^{11} for each substituent independently represent linear or branched C_{1-6} alkyl;

optionally in a form of one of the its stereoisomers, preferably enantiomers or diastereomers, or a racemate or in a form of a mixture of at least two of the its stereoisomers, preferably enantiomers and/or diastereomers, in any mixing ratio, or a corresponding N-oxide thereof, or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof, or a corresponding solvate thereof.

and at least one substituted pyrazoline compound of general formula X

X

wherein

R¹⁶ represents an optionally at least mono-substituted phenyl group,

R¹⁷ represents an optionally at least mono-substituted phenyl group,

R¹⁸ represents a saturated or unsaturated, optionally at least mono-substituted, optionally at least one heteroatom as ring member containing cycloaliphatic group, which may be condensed with an optionally at least mono-substituted mono- or polycyclic ring system, or an optionally at least mono-substituted aryl or heteroaryl group, which may be condensed with an optionally at least mono-substituted mono- or polycyclic ring system, or an -NR¹⁹R²⁰-moiety,

 R^{19} and R^{20} , identical or different, represent a hydrogen atom, an unbranched or branched, saturated or unsaturated, optionally at least mono-substituted aliphatic radical, a saturated or unsaturated, optionally at least mono-substituted, optionally at least one heteroatom as ring member containing cycloaliphatic group, which may be condensed with an optionally at least mono-substituted mono- or polycyclic ring system, or an optionally at least mono-substituted aryl or heteroaryl group, which may be condensed with an optionally at least mono-substituted mono- or polycyclic ring system—and/or_or_bonded via a linear or branched alkylene group, an— SO_2 - R^{21} -moiety, or an - $NR^{22}R^{23}$ -moiety, with the proviso that R^{19} and R^{20} do not identically represent hydrogen,

R²¹ represents a linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated, optionally at least mono-substituted aliphatic group, a saturated or unsaturated, optionally at least mono-substituted, optionally at least one heteroatom as ring member containing cycloaliphatic group, which may be condensed with a mono- or polycyclic ring-system, or an optionally at least mono-substituted aryl or heteroaryl group, which may be condensed with a mono- or polycyclic ring system—and/or_or bonded via a linear or branched alkylene group,

R²² and R²³, identical or different, represent a hydrogen atom, an unbranched or branched, saturated or unsaturated, optionally at least mono-substituted aliphatic radical, a saturated or unsaturated, optionally at least mono-substituted, optionally at least one heteroatom as ring member containing cycloaliphatic group, which may be condensed with an optionally at least mono-substituted aryl or heteroaryl group, which may be condensed with an optionally at least mono-substituted aryl or heteroaryl group, which may be condensed with an optionally at least mono-substituted mono- or polycyclic ring system-and/or or bonded via a linear or branched alkylene group,

optionally in a form of one of the its stereoisomers, preferably enantiomers or diastereomers, or a racemate or in a form of a mixture of at least two of the its stereoisomers, preferably enantiomers and/or diastereomers, in any mixing ratio, or a corresponding N-oxide thereof, or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof, or a corresponding solvate thereof.

Claims 17-39 (canceled)

40. (currently amended): Process for the manufacture of substituted pyrazoline compounds of general formula I or II, wherein R¹ is hydrogen, according to one or more of claims claim 1-to 15, characterized in that at least one benzaldehyde compound of general formula III

(III)

wherein R^2 , R^3 and R^4 have the meaning according to one or more of claims 1-8 claim 1, is reacted with a pyruvate compound of general formula (IV)

wherein G represents an OR group with R being a branched or unbranched C₁₋₆ alkyl radical or G represents an O^{*}K group with K being a cation, to yield a compound of general formula (V)

which is optionally isolated and/or or optionally purified, and which is reacted with an optionally substituted phenyl hydrazine of general formula (VI)

or a corresponding salt thereof, wherein R⁵, R⁶ and R⁷ have the meaning according to one or more of claims 1-8 claim 1, under inert atmosphere, to yield a compound of general formula (VII)

wherein R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 and R^7 have the meaning as given above, which is optionally isolated and/or or optionally purified, and optionally esterified to an alkyl-ester if in the substituted pyrazoline compound of general formula I according to one or more of claims claim 1 to 15 R^1 is a linear or branched C_{1-4} -alkyl group.

41. (currently amended): Medicament comprising at least one substituted pyrazoline compound of general-formula I or II according to one or more of claims claim 1-to 15, and optionally one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients.

42. (currently amended): Medicament comprising at least one substituted pyrazoline compound of general formula I

wherein

R¹ represents hydrogen or a linear or branched C₁₋₄-alkyl group,

 R^2 , R^3 and R^4 independently of each other represent hydrogen, a linear or branched C_{1-6} -alkyl group, a linear or branched C_{1-6} -alkoxy group, a halogen atom, CH_2F , CHF_2 , CF_3 , CN, OH, NO_2 , -(C=O)-R⁸, SH, SR⁸, SOR⁸, SO₂R⁸, NH₂, NHR⁸, NR⁸R⁹, -(C=O)-NH₂, -(C=O)-NHR⁸ or -(C=O)-NR⁸R⁹ whereby R^8 and R^9 for each substituent independently represent linear or branched C_{1-6} alkyl,

 R^5 , R^6 and R^7 independently of each other represent hydrogen, a linear or branched C_{1-6} -alkyl group, a linear or branched C_{1-6} -alkoxy group, a halogen atom, CH_2F , CHF_2 , CF_3 , CN, OH, NO_2 , -(C=O)- R^{10} , SH, SR^{10} , SOR^{10} , NH_2 , NHR^{10} , $NR^{10}R^{11}$, -(C=O)- NH_2 , -(C=O)- NHR^{10} -and or - (C=O)- $NR^{10}R^{11}$, whereby R^{10} and optionally R^{11} for each substituent independently represent linear or branched C_{1-6} alkyl;

optionally in <u>a</u> form of one of <u>the its</u> stereoisomers, <u>preferably enantiomers or diastereomers</u>, <u>or a</u> racemate or in <u>a</u> form of a mixture of at least two of <u>the its</u> stereoisomers, <u>preferably enantiomers</u>

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and/or diastereomers, in any mixing ratio, or a corresponding N-oxide thereof, or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof, or a corresponding solvate thereof;

and optionally one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients.

Claims 43-64 (canceled)

65. (currently amended): A method Use of at least one substituted pyrazoline compound according to one or more of claims 1-15 or at least one combination of compounds according to one or more of claims 16 to 39 and optionally one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, for the preparation of a medicament for the regulation of triglyceride levels in the blood plasma or and for the prophylaxis—and/or_or treatment of disorders—of disorders of the central nervous system, especially stroke, of disorders of the cardiovascular system and or of food intake disorders, especially bulimia, anorexia, cachexia, obesity, type II diabetus mellitus (non-insuline dependent—diabetes—mellitus), preferably obesity—and—diabetis, the method comprising administering one or more substituted pyrazoline compounds of claim 1 and optionally one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients.

Claims 66-86 (canceled)